BRADLEY HEIGHTS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3 EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Bradley Heights Metropolitan District No. 3 El Paso County, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Bradley Heights Metropolitan District No. 3 ("District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of December 31, 2022, the respective changes in financial position, and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of the report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore

is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly

to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

BiggsKofford, P.C.

Colorado Springs, Colorado July 12, 2023

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2022

	rnmental tivities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 327
Receivable from County Treasurer	3
Property taxes receivable	 996
Total assets	 1,326
LIABILITIES	
Due to other districts	 919
Total liabilities	 919
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred property taxes	 996
Total deferred inflows of resources	 996
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Debt service	437
Unrestricted	 (1,026)
Total net position	\$ (589)

BRADLEY HEIGHTS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

						Revenue		ol Cronto	(Exp Revei Cha	Net penses) nues and nges in Position
			Chai	ges for	=	erating nts and	-	al Grants and	Gove	rnmental
	Exp	enses	Se	rvices	Contr	ibutions	Contr	ributions	Act	tivities
FUNCTIONS / PROGRAMS Primary government Government activities:										
General government	\$	335	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(335)
Total government activities	\$	335	\$	-	\$		\$	-		(335)
GENERAL REVENUES										
Property taxes										302
Specific ownership taxes										32
Miscellaneous										249
Total general revenues										583
Change in net position										248
Net position, beginning of year										(837)
Net position, end of year									\$	(589)

BALANCE SHEETS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

		eral Fund		t Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS	•	0.07	•		•	0.07
Cash and investments	\$	327	\$	-	\$	327
Receivable from County Treasurer		1		2		3
Property taxes receivable Due from other funds		249		747		996
Due from other funds		-		435		435
Total assets	\$	577	\$	1,184	\$	1,761
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Due to other districts	\$	919	\$	-	\$	919
Due to other funds		435		-		435
Total liabilities		1,354				1,354
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred property taxes		249		747		996
Total deferred inflows of resources		249		747		996
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted for:						
Debt service		-		437		437
Unassigned:						
Unrestricted		(1,026)		-		(1,026)
Total fund balance		(1,026)		437		(589)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	577	\$	1,184	\$	1,761

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Gene	eral Fund		Service und	Total Governmental Funds		
REVENUES		70	<u>_</u>		<u>,</u>		
Property taxes	\$	76	\$	226	\$	302	
Specific ownership taxes		8		24		32	
Miscellaneous		249		-		249	
Total revenues		333		250		583	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Intergovernmental		-		331		331	
County Treasurer fees		1		3		4	
Total expenditures		1		334		335	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		332		(84)		248	
Net change in fund balances		332		(84)		248	
Fund balances, beginning of year		(1,358)		521		(837)	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	(1,026)	\$	437	\$	(589)	

GENERAL FUND - STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGET AND ACTUAL)

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	-	nal and Budget				riance
<u>REVENUES</u>						
Property taxes	\$	76	\$	76	\$	-
Specific ownership taxes		5		8		3
Miscellaneous		-		249		249
Total revenues		81		333		252
EXPENDITURES						
Intergovernmental		80		-		80
County Treasurer fees		1		1		-
Total expenditures		81		1		80
Excess of revenues over expenditures				332		332
Net change in fund balance	\$			332	\$	332
Fund balance, beginning of year				(1,358)		
Fund balance, end of year			\$	(1,026)		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

1. DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Bradley Heights Metropolitan District No. 3 ("District"), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was formed in September 2005, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act. The District's service area is located in El Paso County, Colorado ("County"). The District was organized to plan, design, acquire, construct, install, relocate, redevelop, and finance public improvements including water, sewer, storm sewer, detention, flood, and other drainage improvements needed for the area.

The District was organized in conjunction with Bradley Heights Metropolitan District No. 1 ("District No. 1") and Bradley Heights Metropolitan District No. 2 ("District No. 2"). District No. 1 is the coordinating district and District No. 2 and the District are the taxing districts.

The District follows Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations, and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, and potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

The District has no employees and all operational and administrative functions are contracted.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. Material interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the assets plus deferred outflows of resources and the liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and grants and contributions that are restricted to meet the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items are properly excluded from program revenues and are reported as general revenues.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement position

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectable within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *debt service fund* accounts for the servicing of general long-term debt and revenues generated and received by the District that are required to be used for repayment of debt.

<u>Budgets</u>

In accordance with state budget law, the District holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures, fund balance remaining, and other financing uses level, and lapses at year end. The District's board of directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

The District incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations for the year ended December 31, 2022 in the debt service fund, which may be a violation of state budget law. The District has indicated that it plans to amend the budget further.

Pooled cash and investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average balance.

Property taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's board of directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 and attaches as an enforceable lien as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June in equal installments. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and sales of tax liens on delinquent properties are generally held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected to the District monthly.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectable amounts, are recorded initially as deferred revenues in the year they are levied and measurable. The deferred property tax revenues are recorded as revenues in the year they are available or collected.

Deferred inflows of resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time. Accordingly, property taxes are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

Interfund balances and transactions

The District reports interfund balances and transfers that are representative of lending and borrowing arrangements between funds in the fund financial statements as due to other funds and due from other funds, respectively. The interfund balances have been eliminated in the government-wide statements.

Net position and fund balances

Net position

For government-wide presentation purposes, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund balances

Fund balances for governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

The *nonspendable fund balance* is the portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventories) or is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The *restricted fund balance* is the portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

The *committed fund balance* is the portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the board of directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the board of directors.

The *assigned fund balance* is the portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the board of directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

The unassigned fund balance is the residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

For fund presentation purposes, if more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's policy to use the most restrictive classification first.

Deficit

The general fund reported a deficit in the fund financial statements as of December 31, 2022. The deficit is expected to be eliminated with property taxes in the future.

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net position: Cash and investments

\$ 327

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

The carrying amounts of cash and investments, which equal estimated fair value, as of December 31, 2022, are as follows:

Deposits with financial institutions



Deposits with financial institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act ("PDPA") requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. The PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The state commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

As of December 31, 2022, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$327 and a carrying balance of \$327.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those below which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk, and no foreign currency risk. The District is not subject to concentration risk disclosure requirements or subject to investment custodial credit risk for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless otherwise formally approved by the board of directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- · Obligations of the US and certain US government agency securities
- · Certain international agency securities
- · General obligation and revenue bonds of US local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- · Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certificates of deposit in Colorado PDPA approved banks or savings banks
- Certain money market funds
- · Guaranteed investment contracts
- · Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2022, the District had no investments.

DECEMBER 31, 2022

4. NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of restricted and unrestricted.

Restricted net position includes balances with external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position as of December 31, 2022 as follows:

Restricted net position: Debt service

\$ 437

The District's unrestricted net position as of December 31, 2022 totaled a deficit of \$1,026.

5. CAPITAL PLEDGE AGREEMENT

To provide for the payment of the bonds, the District entered into a capital pledge agreement with District No. 2 and the trustee of District No. 2's Series 2021 Bonds dated August 26, 2021. Under this agreement, the District agrees to remit to the trustee, or as otherwise directed by District No. 2, as soon as practicable upon receipt, all of the District's capital revenue. The District should apply such revenue, together with all other pledged revenue in its possession, to the payment of the principal, premium if any, and interest on the bonds due in accordance with the terms of the Series 2021 Bonds indenture. The District's capital revenue consists of monies derived by the District from the following sources, net of any collection costs: (i) mandatory capital levy; (ii) portion of the specific ownership tax which is collected as a result of imposition of the mandatory capital levy; and (iii) any PILOT revenues received from any PILOT recorded against property within the District's boundaries. Mandatory capital levy means an ad valorem mill levy imposed upon all taxable property of the District each year in an amount of 30.000 mills, or such lesser mill levy which will (together with any PILOT revenues) be sufficient to pay the principal, premium if any, and interest on the Series 2021 Bonds as they become due and payable.

6. RELATED PARTIES

The developer of the property within the District is Bradley Heights Investments, LLC. The members of the board of directors are officers, employees, or associated with the developer and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool ("Pool"). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

8. TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights ("TABOR"), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments within the state of Colorado.

BRADLEY HEIGHTS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior fiscal year spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal year spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenues in excess of the fiscal year spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenues.

TABOR requires local governments to establish emergency reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of fiscal year spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

District management believes the District is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate fiscal year spending limits, will likely require judicial interpretation.

* * * * * * *

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

DEBT SERVICE FUND - SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGET AND ACTUAL)

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance		
<u>REVENUES</u>							
Property taxes	\$	227	\$	226	\$	(1)	
Specific ownership taxes		16		24		8	
Total revenues		243		250		7	
EXPENDITURES							
Intergovernmental		239		331		(92)	
County Treasurer fees		3		3		-	
Total expenditures		242		334		(92)	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		1		(84)		(85)	
Net change in fund balance	\$	1		(84)	\$	(85)	
Fund balance, beginning of year				521			
Fund balance, end of year			\$	437			